ROMAN REMAINS AT HARRIS'S QUARRY, MARKSBURY

In January, 1937, a quarryman brought news of "old bones" having been recently found at this quarry. These bones proved to be animal, and include antler.

A disturbed area, about 6 feet across and 2 feet 6 inches deep in the centre, showed in section in the quarry face. A black band containing charcoal could be seen curving down from ground level at the edges of the pit to a depth of I foot at the centre.

A few fragments of pottery, mainly black, were lying about, and the workmen told me that they had found and covered over a good deal more.

MARJORIE CROOK

SAXON CEMETERY AT SALTFORD

In May, 1936, John Thrift, of Bath, drew my attention to a gravel pit, close to Avon Farm, Saltford, where he had found a number of human bones. One skeleton was almost completely exposed, the skull crushed, and the legs quarried away. With another skeleton—much disturbed after exposure—was found an iron knife of Saxon date, similar to a dozen or more knives found by Father Horne at the Saxon cemetery at Camerton, a few miles away. In the face of the pit, four more graves could be seen in section with human bones protruding. The graves lay approximately east and west.

The site was not available for excavation. An interesting point is that this cemetery together with the one at Camerton is the most westerly yet discovered in this country.

MARJORIE CROOK

A Barrow in the Parish of Newington Bagpath, Gloucestershire (Sheet LVII S.W.)

A note on this barrow appeared in the *Proceedings of University* of Bristol Spelæological Society, Vol. 4, No. 3. It was then thought to be round, but in January, 1938, on crawling through the thorn bushes and brambles which thickly cover it, it was seen to be definitely elongated and is probably a long barrow. A complete clearance of the undergrowth will be necessary before the exact nature of this barrow can be ascertained.

Marjorie Crook